

Small Push-Pull Solenoids

Design and Features, etc. —————	44
General Characteristics —————	44
How to Select a Solenoid —————	44
Ordering Information —————	45
Size 110C —————	46
Size 141C —————	47
Size 144C —————	48
Size 190C —————	49
Size 192C —————	50
Size 194C —————	51
Size 221C —————	52
Characteristics Table —————	53
Ampere-Turn vs Force Graphs —————	54

SMALL PUSH-PULL SOLENOIDS

1. Design and Features

The small push-pull solenoids have the same features as the conventional push-pull solenoid. The push-pull solenoid design utilizes a coil with the maximum amount of magnet wire in the smallest amount of space. This coil assembly is then packaged in a metal housing using highly permeable steel to obtain the maximum force in the minimum size and weight. This small size solenoid is a very cost effective solution when small movements are required and/or limited amount of electrical power is available.

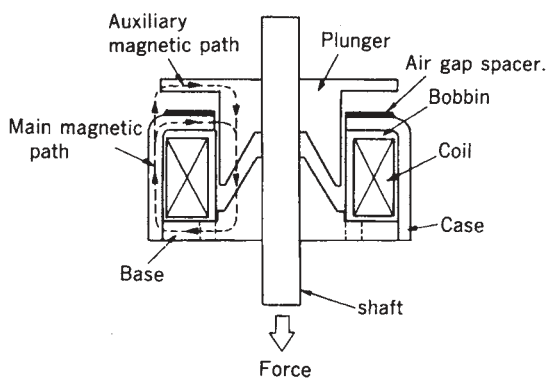


Fig. 1

2. Stroke and Force

The conical pole piece configuration is the standard design for the small push-pull solenoid. For the best performance efficiency, the stroke should be kept to a minimum.

3. Operational Considerations

A) Temperature

The coil data of small push-pull solenoids shows the values at ambient temperature 20° C and without the use of a heat sink. If a solenoid is used at a rating shown in the coil data, it is designed so that the coil temperature rises and reaches equilibrium at approximately 85° C. In applications where the ambient temperature is higher than 20° C possible thermal damage can occur. Temperature rise tests should be performed by the customer to assure that the coil does not reach 120° C. Coils can be constructed to operate at temperatures higher than 120° C without thermal damage. Please consult the factory for details.

B) Air Gap Spacer

The small push-pull solenoid uses an air gap spacer between the armature and the case. This spacer is

installed to prevent the armature and base from coming into mechanical contact with each other, which would cause residual magnetism.

C) Return Spring

The small push-pull solenoid does not include a return spring. Therefore, the application must include a return spring.

D) Shaft Modification

It is not recommended that the customer modify the shaft, as the shafts are fabricated before assembly. Any special configuration can be supplied. Please consult factory for details.

E) Installation of Solenoid

The small push-pull solenoid uses tapped holes for mounting in the base.

Caution needs to be observed that the mounting screws used to attach these solenoids are the correct length so as not to damage the coil.

4. General Characteristics

Insulation class	Class E (120° C) Size 110C is class A (105° C) Lead wire class A (105° C)
Dielectric strength	AC 1000V 50/60 Hz 1 min. (at normal temperature and normal humidity)
Insulation resistance	More than 100 Mohm at DC 500V megger (at normal temperature and normal humidity)
Expected life	Standard life : 5 million cycles (Solenoid cycle life is very dependent upon side load, frequency of use, and environmental conditions. Cycle life tests should be performed by the customer.)

5. How to Select a Solenoid

Before selecting a small push-pull solenoid, the following information must be determined :

A) Force

The actual force required in the application should be increased using a safety factor multiplier of 1.5 to arrive at the force value that should be used in your specification.

B) Duty Cycle

Use the aforementioned formula to calculate duty cycle. Also note the maximum on time. (See page 2)

SMALL PUSH-PULL SOLENOIDS

C) Stroke

Stroke is determined by application requirements.

D) Operating Voltage

Operating DC voltage is determined by the application and voltage available.

After determining these specifications, one can find the correct size solenoid for the application, using the force-stroke characteristic tables and graphs. The coil data is also shown for different sizes of magnet wire. If the exact operating voltages are not in the coil data table, please consult the factory for details.

To determine the force output of the solenoid after temperature rise, please use the amp-turn force graphs (page 60) after calculating the amp-turns.

B) Special Configuration (required for any modification to a standard design)

Any change from the standard catalog design requires that a custom part number be assigned, which will also include the date code of manufacture.

Example : F94010P 9401

Special Part Number

Date Code (year and week)

6. Ordering Information

●When ordering a small push-pull solenoid, the correct part number needs to be determined from the following combination of characteristics (1-3) :

(1) M-Metric Thread

F-SAE Thread

(2) Solenoid Size (example-144C)

(3) Coil voltage from tables (At 100% Duty cycle)

●Example of a complete part number.

(1) (2) (3)

M 144C-6V

This part number is for a solenoid with Metric threads, size 144C, with a 6V coil.

7. Labeling

For small push-pull solenoids the part number labeling is as follows :

A) Standard Solenoid (no modifications).

The solenoid label will have the part number and the date code (which identifies the year and week of manufacture).

Example : M 144C-6V 9401

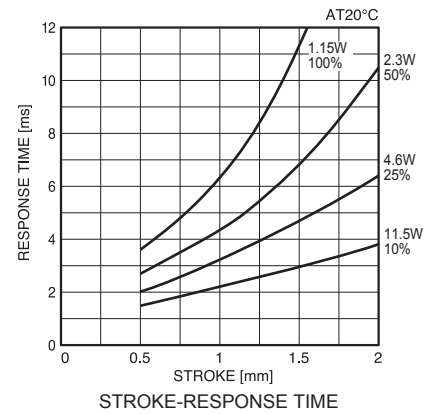
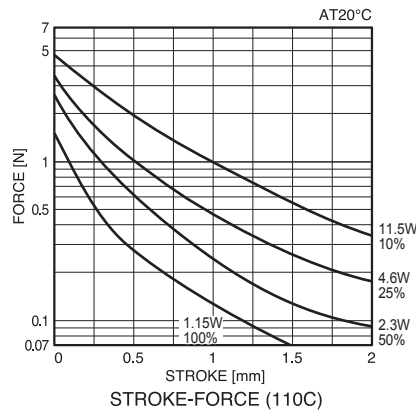
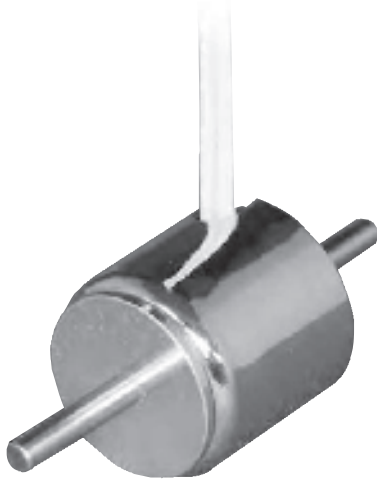
Metric Thread

Solenoid Size and
Coil voltage at 100% duty cycle

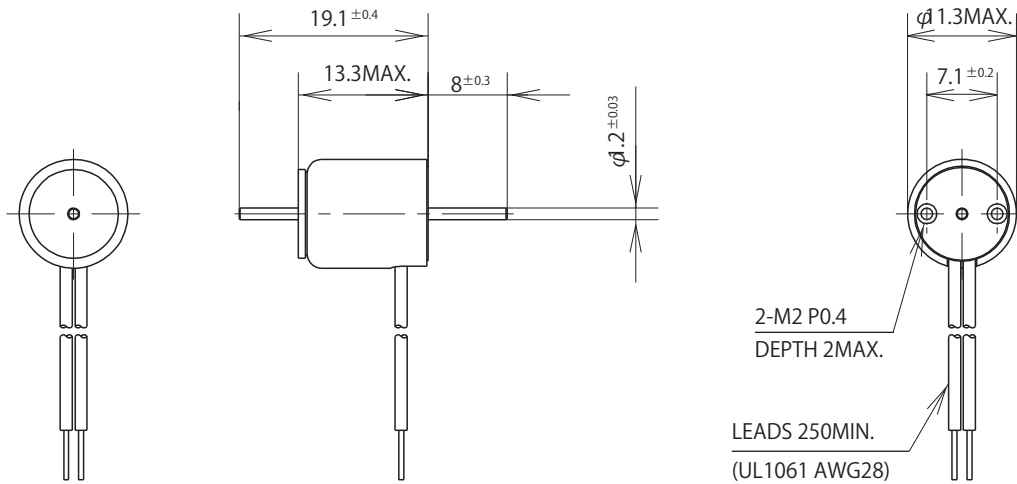
Date Code (year and week)

SIZE110C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED



WEIGHT : 7g
PLUNGER: 1g



COIL DATA

without heat sink

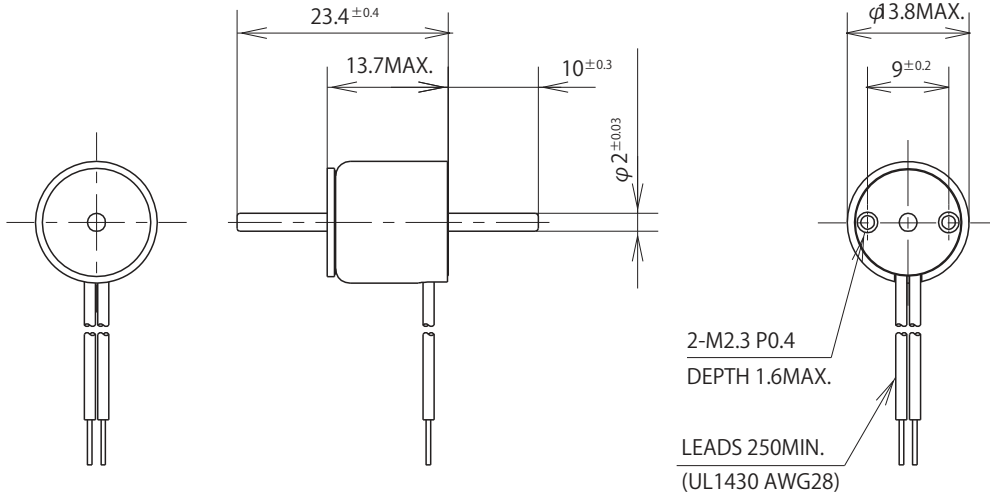
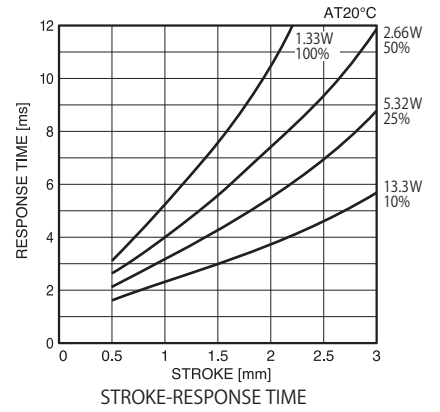
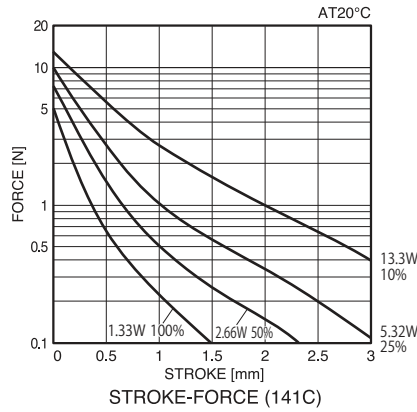
type no.	resistance Ω ±10%(at 20°C)	no. turns	volts DC				
			duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less
			MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7
			watts at 20°C	1.15	2.3	4.6	11.5
ampere-turns at 20°C	105	148	210	332			
M110C-3V F110C-3V	10.5	390	3	4.2	6	9.5	
M110C-6V F110C-6V	31.5	700	6	8.5	12	19	
M110C-12V F110C-12V	143	1450	12	17	24	38	

SIZE141C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED



WEIGHT :12g
PLUNGER: 2.5g



COIL DATA

type no.	resistance Ω ±10%(at 20°C)	no. turns	without heat sink				
			duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less
			MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7
			watts at 20°C	1.33	2.66	5.32	13.3
ampere-turns at 20°C			133	189	267	422	
			volts DC				
M141C-3V F141C-3V	6.5	330	3	4.2	6	9.5	
M141C-6V F141C-6V	30	700	6	8.5	12	19	
M141C-12V F141C-12V	97	1200	12	17	24	38	
M141C-24V F141C-24V	468	2600	24	34	48	76	

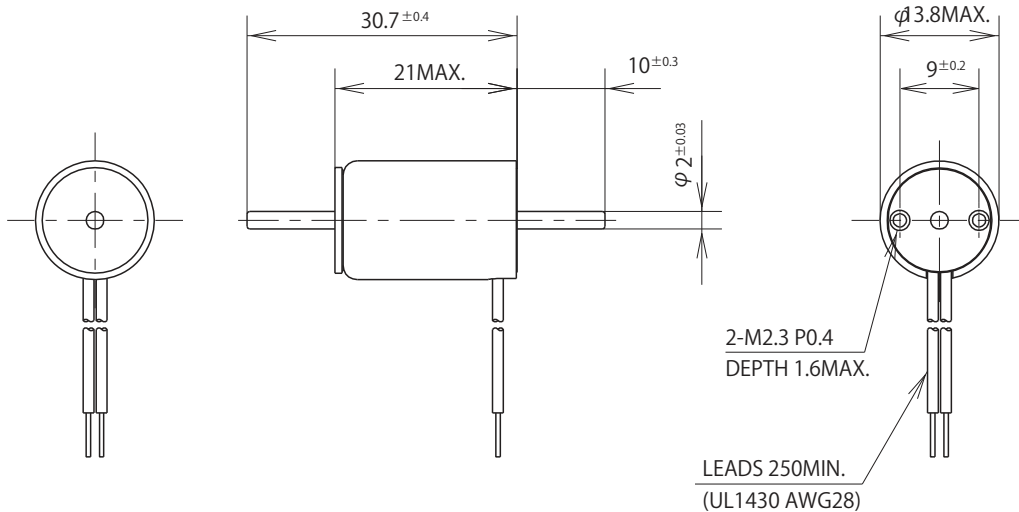
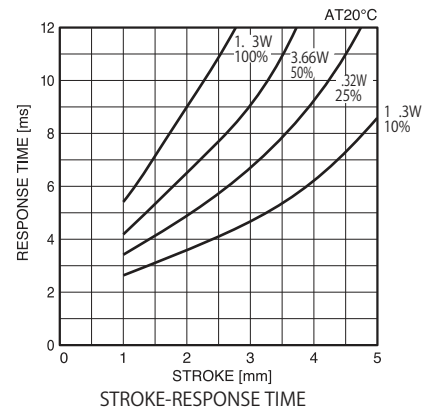
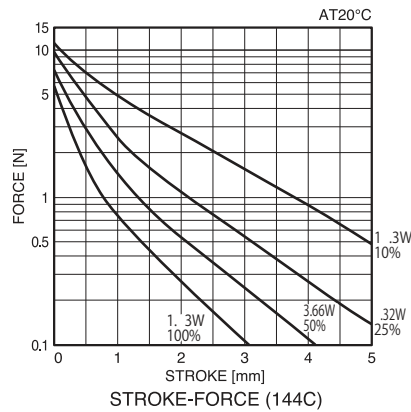
Small Push-Pull Solenoids

SIZE144C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED



WEIGHT : 18g
PLUNGER: 3g



COIL DATA

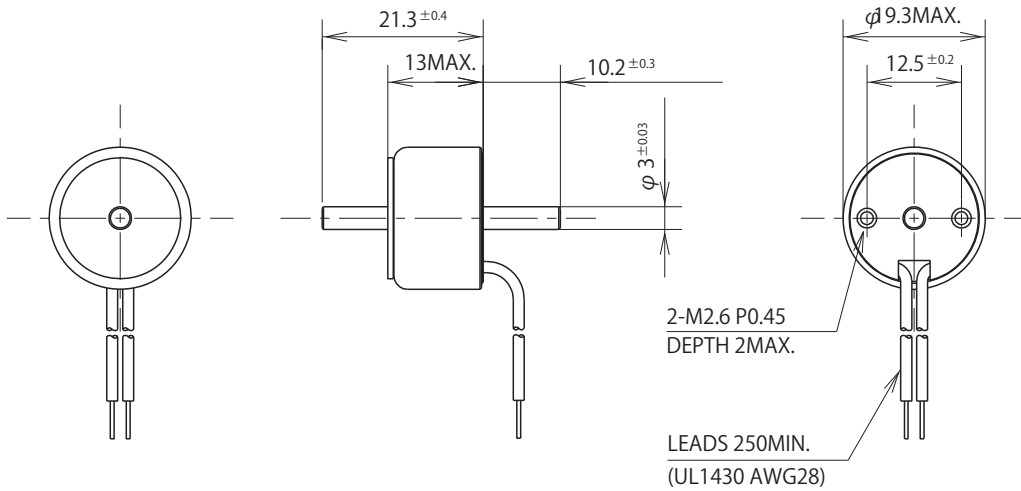
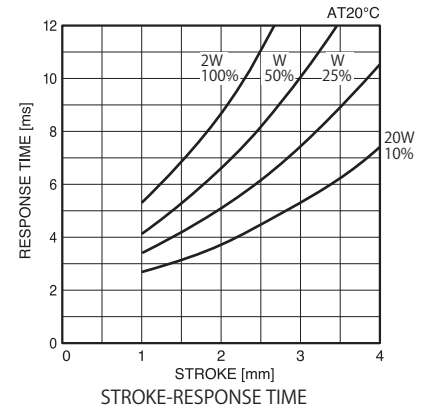
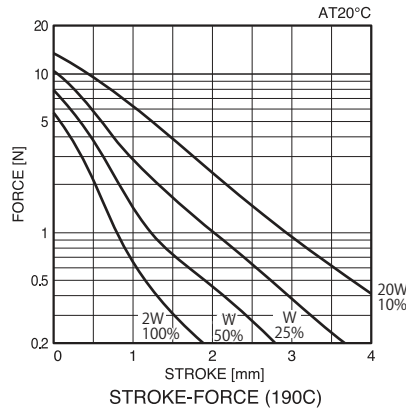
type no.	resistance Ω ±10% (at 20°C)	no. turns	without heat sink				
			duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less
			MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7
			watts at 20°C	1.83	3.66	7.32	18.3
ampere-turns at 20°C			236	334	472	746	
			volts DC				
M144C-3V F144C-3V	5	415	3	4.2	6	9.5	
M144C-6V F144C-6V	22.7	910	6	8.5	12	19	
M144C-12V F144C-12V	91.5	1750	12	17	24	38	
M144C-24V F144C-24V	329	3150	24	34	48	76	

SIZE190C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED



WEIGHT : 20g
PLUNGER: 4g



COIL DATA

type no.	resistance $\Omega \pm 10\%$ (at 20°C)	no. turns	without heat sink				
			duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less
			MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7
			watts at 20°C	2	4	8	20
ampere-turns at 20°C			170	240	340	537	
			volts DC				
M190C-3V F190C-3V	4.9	295	3	4.2	6	9.5	
M190C-6V F190C-6V	21.5	620	6	8.5	12	19	
M190C-12V F190C-12V	89	1230	12	17	24	38	
M190C-24V F190C-24V	307	2120	24	34	48	76	

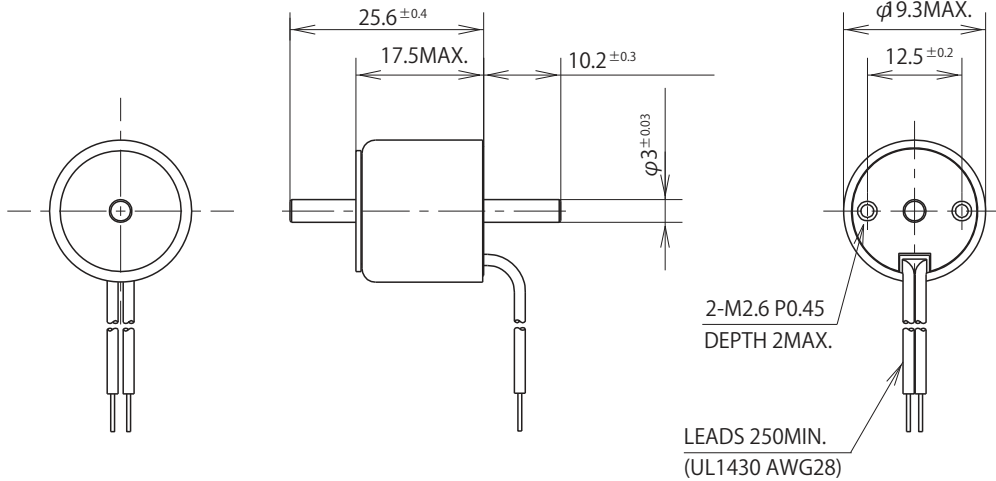
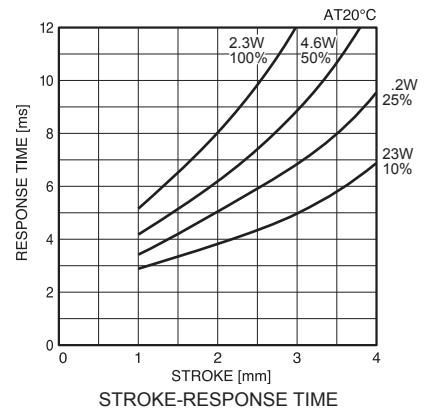
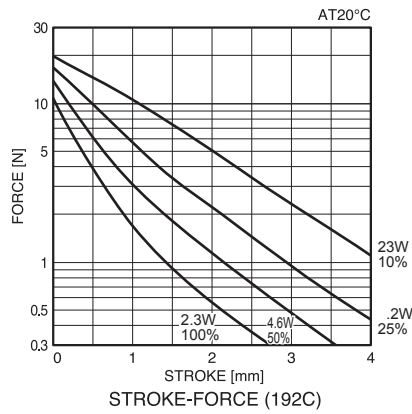
Small Push-Pull Solenoids

SIZE192C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED



WEIGHT : 27g
PLUNGER: 4.5g

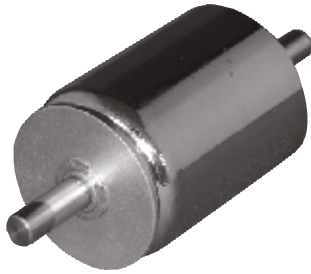


COIL DATA

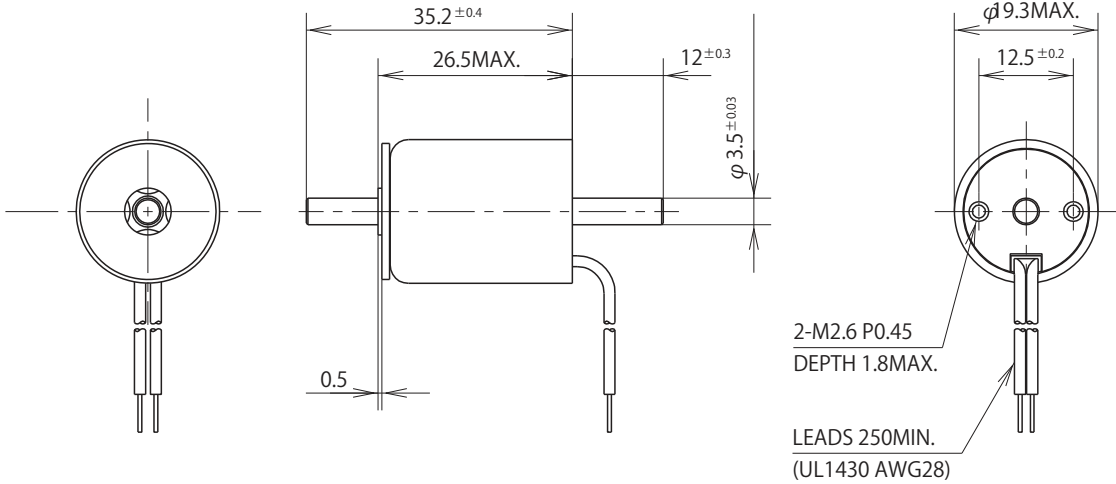
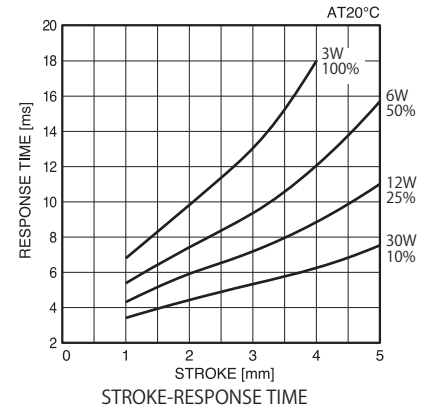
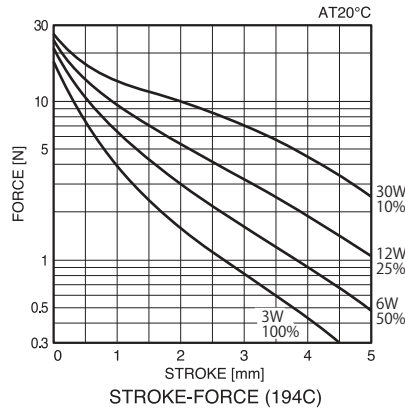
	without heat sink					
	duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less	
	MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7	
	watts at 20°C	2.3	4.6	9.2	23	
ampere-turns at 20°C	265	374	530	838		
type no.	resistance $\Omega \pm 10\%$ (at 20°C)	no. turns	volts DC			
M192C-3V F192C-3V	4.3	380	3	4.2	6	9.5
M192C-6V F192C-6V	16	735	6	8.5	12	19
M192C-12V F192C-12V	68	1500	12	17	24	38
M192C-24V F192C-24V	242	2770	24	34	48	76

SIZE194C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED



WEIGHT : 44g
PLUNGER: 9g



COIL DATA

type no.	resistance $\Omega \pm 10\%$ (at 20°C)	no. turns	without heat sink				
			duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less
			MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7
			watts at 20°C	3	6	12	30
ampere-turns at 20°C			382	542	765	1211	
			volts DC				
M194C-3V F194C-3V	2.7	360	3	4.2	6	9.5	
M194C-6V F194C-6V	11.8	770	6	8.5	12	19	
M194C-12V F194C-12V	49.5	1620	12	17	24	38	
M194C-24V F194C-24V	185	2950	24	34	48	76	

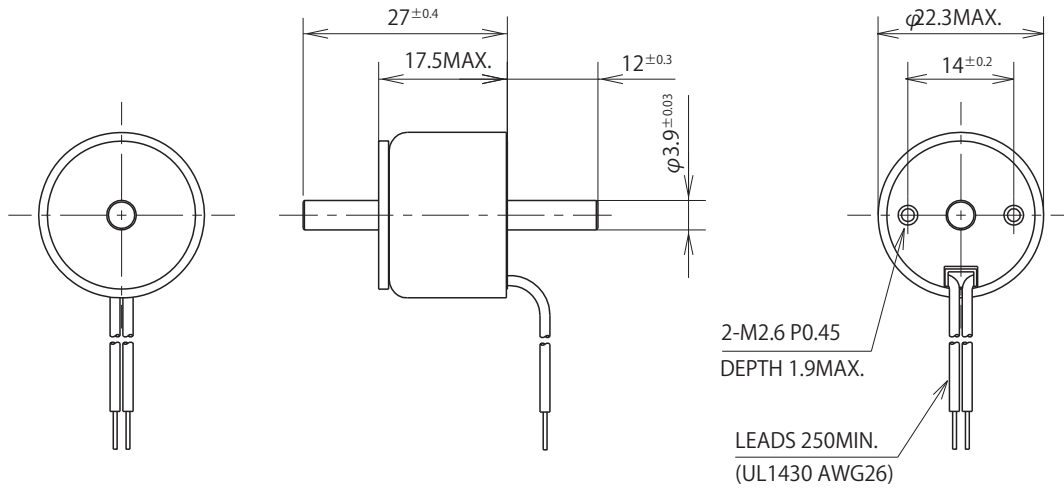
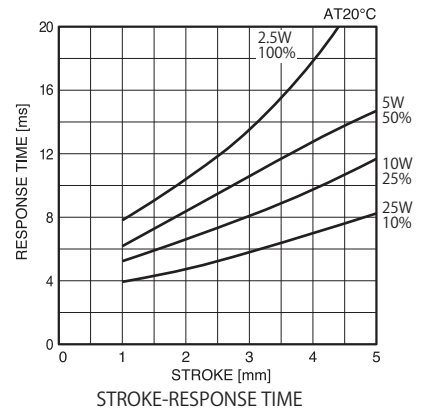
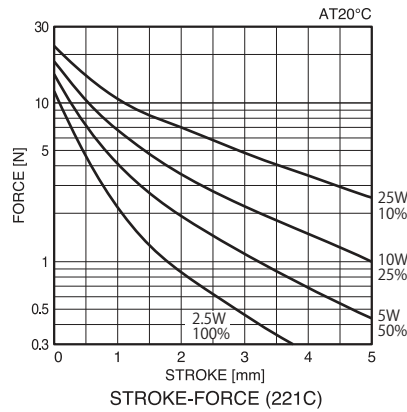
Small Push-Pull Solenoids

SIZE221C SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID

UNIT : mm
SHOWN ENERGIZED

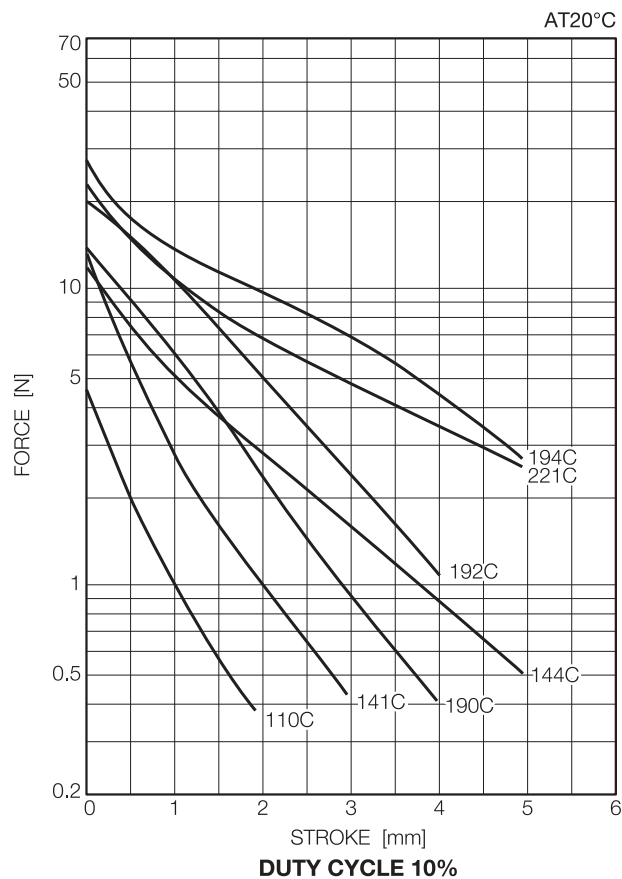
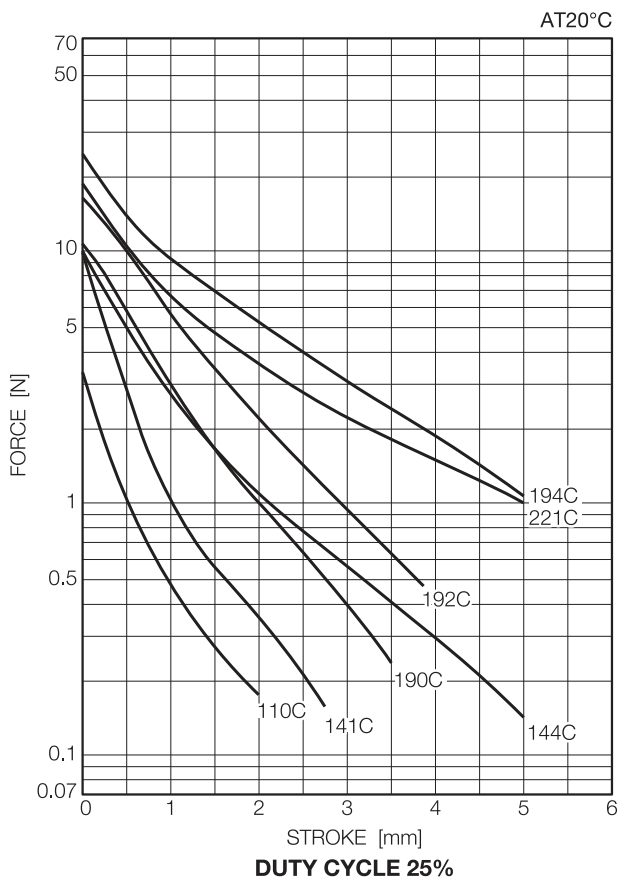
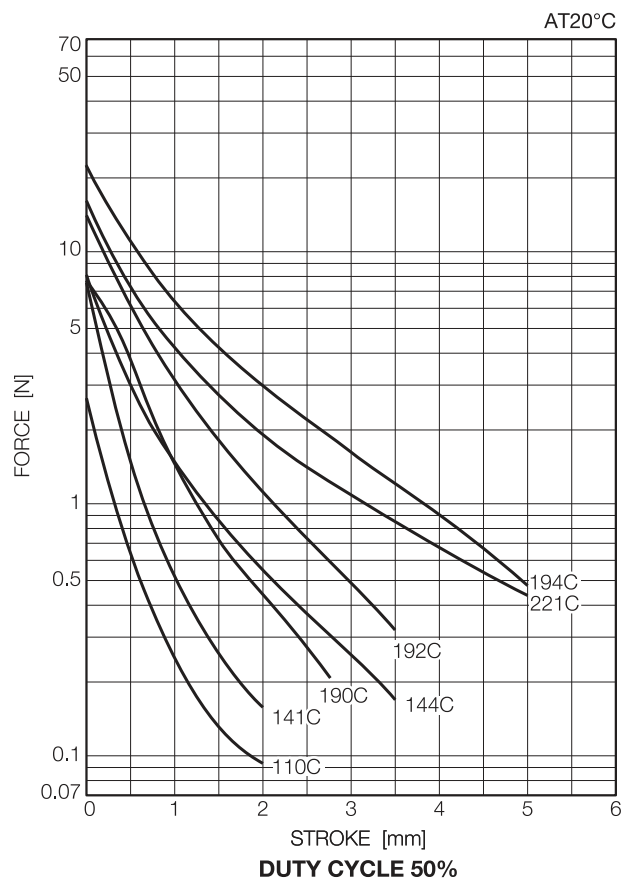
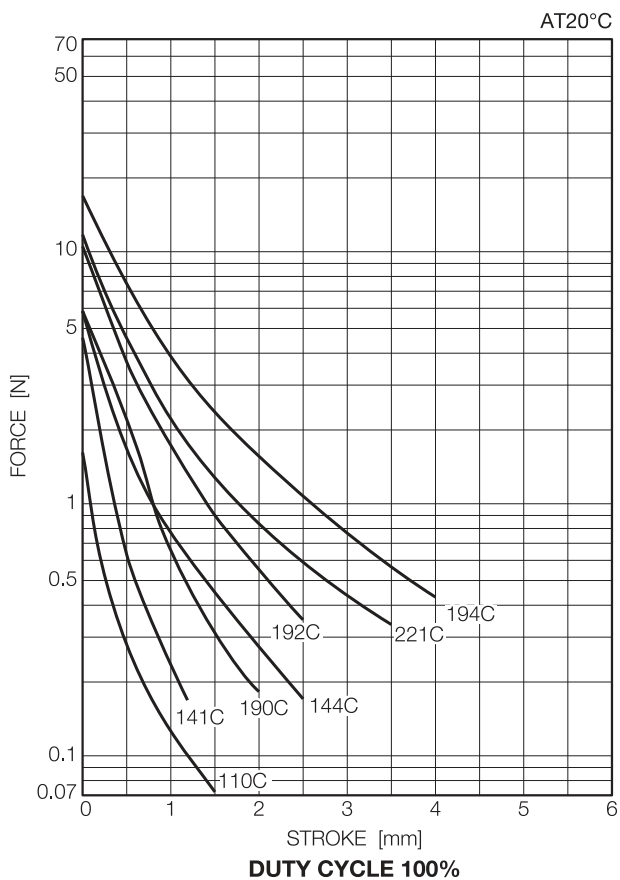


WEIGHT : 39g
PLUNGER: 9g



COIL DATA

	without heat sink					
	duty cycle = $\frac{\text{"on" time}}{\text{"on" time} + \text{"off" time}} \times 100\%$	100% continuous	50% or less	25% or less	10% or less	
	MAX. "on" time in seconds	∞	100	36	7	
	watts at 20°C	2.5	5	10	25	
ampere-turns at 20°C	253	358	507	803		
type no.	resistance Ω ±10%(at 20°C)	no. turns	volts DC			
M221C-3V F221C-3V	3.8	325	3	4.2	6	9.5
M221C-6V F221C-6V	13.8	620	6	8.5	12	19
M221C-12V F221C-12V	59	1260	12	17	24	38
M221C-24V F221C-24V	226	2200	24	34	48	76



SMALL PUSH PULL SOLENOID AMPERE TURN v.s. FORCE

PERFORMANCE CURVES
ARE AT 20°C

